

INTERESTING FACTS

Remarks by an Observer.

"It seems strange to me," remarked a prominent physician the other day, "why so many people make light of what is, in many respects, one of the most dangerous diseases—grip. Scores of people whom I know seem to regard this deadly malady as a joke or call it fashionable."

"Possibly there is no disease that is as far reaching in its effects as this same fashionable grip. Fashionable indeed! When I stop to think of the appalling results of grip that come under my observation, it makes me shudder. Would you consider it fashionable to have a weak heart, affected lungs or impaired eyesight? Would it be a joke to spend the remainder of your days in an insane asylum? These are not mere fancies; they are pictures drawn from life showing the awful results from grip. Of course all persons suffering from an attack of grip are not left with these afflictions, but I have yet to discover a person who has had this disease who has not been left with some portion of his system weakened. It is this weak spot that is susceptible to every unhealthy influence that comes along. The best way to prevent grip is to keep the system in such good condition that it will throw off any tendencies toward this prevalent disease."

The best way to fortify yourself against grip is to take Mages' (Malt) Emulsion. It gives you the strength and vitality necessary to stand severe weather, and can always be depended upon. It is a nutrient of the highest value, and after a period of low vitality it puts hope into the patient and makes life worth living. It replaces the wasted tissues and holds all gains.

Mages' (Malt) Emulsion is a pure cod liver oil, combined with syrupy, distasteful, non-alcoholic malt and hypophosphites of lime and soda. Cod liver oil has long been recognized by the medical profession as the best remedy for bronchial and pulmonary affections and in Mages' you get the pure article in combination with the malt and hypophosphites. Diastase, malt extract, such as is used in Mages' (Malt) Emulsion, is non-alcoholic and is regarded by physicians as the highest form of food. You thus get a food, a medicine and a tonic combined. Mages' (Malt) Emulsion is the greatest flesh builder and invigorator known. It strengthens the weak and imparts vitality to the most delicate invalid. Don't delay—it's dangerous; start taking it today.

Beware of the wine preparations. They are only artificial stimulants and the reaction which follows their use leaves you in a worse condition than before. Mages' (Malt) Emulsion contains no whiskey—no wine—just food.

It may be procured of E. A. Brown, Druggist, 48 North Main street, Barre.

Talking Shop.

"I feel done up today," said the young man in the wrapping room of the department store.

"Who's been rapping you?" asked his facetious friend—Yonkers Statesman.

The Times' Daily Short Story.

A BARGAIN
...IN AGE

[Original.]

There is nothing more conducive to lovenaking than sightseeing. A pleasant party, with nothing to do but go about looking at beautiful works of art and curiosities of a dead past, will result in a match if there is any material out of which a match can be made. You have the beautiful and the decayed. The fancy is fed by the former, and we know that all life springs from the latter.

I speak advisedly, because in the party I have in mind I was the male part of the material from which a match was made. I was thirty-three, and Nelly Smith was eighteen. We had started in for a flirtation at Rome—at least she had; if she hadn't chosen me she would have chosen the only other unmarried man in the party, Colonel Peters, a man of fifty—continued it at Florence and closed it up on the Grand canal in Venice. Fortunately for us her mother was in Paris and could not watch us, so if there was any damage it was done before it could be helped. Whether any had been done could not be determined till the mother joined us, which was to be expected in a few days. Then she would look me over and determine the matter.

We were watching the feeding of the pigeons in the center of the ducaal palace or some other rectangular court—I was too wrapped in lovenaking to take any mental note of such things—when who should come lumbering along but my old friend "Red Headed Tom," as we used to call him, but whose real name was Thomas Sayles. Though Tom was forty and red headed, I was glad in my heart that he had not joined us sooner, for I had no confidence left in the flirtations Nelly would have introduced him to bother me. I introduced him to all our party, and at noon I took him off to a cafe to lunch.

Well, there was a pair of us. I began by pouring my flood of happiness into his ear, but noticing impatience I asked him if I bored him. He took advantage of being permitted to speak to pour a counter current into my ear. He had met a widow in his travels, had done endless picture galleries, crossed the Alps in her company and was ready in lore. When I asked her age his face fell, and he told me that she was far too young for him—from twenty-two to twenty-eight. I comforted him by telling him that there were fifteen years between me and my little Nelly. The lady was to meet him at Venice, and they were to see the carnival together. "We'll make her one of our party," said Tom.

"I dare say she'll be delighted," he

HE WANTS
A HALTChancellor Day in New At-
tack on Roosevelt

HINTS AT IMPEACHMENT

And It's All on Account of the Stand
Taken Against the Trusts—McGuire "Knocks" the
Chancellor.

New York, May 12.—Chancellor James R. Day of Syracuse University has renewed his attack on President Roosevelt in a long letter just given out for publication. In part he said:

"Private commercial business in whatever form, corporate or otherwise, under the law and until adjudicated to be in fault by the law, must not be attacked in name by presidential proclamation. The President of the United States should not make himself lecturer-general to the people and tarnish the dignity of his office and cheapen his words, which always should be golden, by the discussion of subjects interdicted by the best forms of good society."

"It means anarchy if judges are to be set practically aside, or if their verdict is to be held up to criticism by the President. It is an invasion of a coordinate branch of government, which should alarm every thoughtful citizen, and is scarcely across the border of possible impeachment, if rebuked as its merits demand."

"The act of the President in naming a business and thereby its officers in a proclamation, and the judging of their cause by brand of infamy or guilt upon ex-parte statement is a monstrous abuse and threatens fundamental principles. The President urged the building up of a new competitive business for the purpose of destroying the business he took upon himself to condemn. If this is not anarchy, what is anarchy? As a humble citizen with inalienable rights I insist upon a halt. Our President must not be prosecutor nor persecutor."

"It is an hour for dispassionate conclusions. Safety is in calm legislation. Danger is in impulse and haste and appeal to prejudice and resentment. Let our President go back into the presidency and stay there, and every loyal citizen will pledge him the last drop of his blood in the defense of his office."

"Sentiment is being created as in the appalling days of the French revolution and similar periods in England. When the President lends his proclamation to such a procedure, it is time for party lines to vanish and for our loyalty to make anxious inquiry as to whether we are drifting as a country."

From Washington comes a statement,

replied warmly.

When I rejoined Nelly she was chafed. She had written her mother of her engagement, giving my age and a guess at my income. Her mother had written that I was too old for her, especially as she must go to school two years longer.

"If she thinks I'm going to be barred up in that horrid Geneva prison two years longer she is mightily mistaken," she said; and I swore I would elope with her if it came to that.

A few days later I met Tom hurrying along, and when I asked him where he was going he told me that he was about to receive his fiancée, who was coming a little ahead of time to attend to some important private affair. He asked me to go with him to the station, and I consented. When the train came in and the lady alighted from the coach who should I see but my old friend the widow of another old friend, Bob Smith. Then it flashed upon me that this was the mother of my Nelly.

"Why, Walter Jones?" she exclaimed, "Can it be?"

"Yes, it is."

"Tom, seeing that he had no occasion to introduce us, led the way to a carriage. The widow and I dropped a little behind, and she whispered, 'Don't say anything to Mr. Sayles, but come and see me tonight at 9.'

She declined to permit either of us to drive with her to her hotel and told Tom that her fatigue would prevent her seeing him till the next day.

Tom didn't get much out of me on our walk. This fiancée did look young, but not to me, under thirty-five. I was laying my plans for the evening, when I expected a struggle for her daughter. I called punctually at 9 and found her alone.

"It's singular that I did not know you," she said, "from Nelly's description. She gave your last name."

"Jones is a common name," I replied. "It is singular that I did not place you from Tom's description."

"Smith is not unusual," she replied, with a faint smile. "Besides, Tom is not competent to describe me as I am."

"I have been surprised," I said, "that you object to my union with Nelly on account of the difference in our ages. Tom tells me that there is about the same difference between his age and yours. He gives yours at from twenty-six to twenty-eight. He is over forty."

She looked down at the floor. Presently a smile began to hover about her still, beautiful lips.

"Suppose," she said, "suppose we make a bargain. I will give my consent to your marrying Nelly, though I think she is still too young to marry. As for me, you will permit me to remain—"

"I agree to your terms."

I congratulated Tom the next morning that he was to become my step-father-in-law and tried hard to keep his fiancée's age at a low figure. We all saw the carnival together, and mother and daughter chaperoned each other.

CORA ASHWORTH.

Is Disease a Crime?

Not very long ago, a popular magazine published an editorial article in which the writer asserted that, inasmuch as the disease should be regarded as criminal. Certain it is, that much of the sickness and suffering of mankind is due to the violation of certain of the natural laws. But to say that all sickness should be regarded as criminal, must appeal to every reasonable individual as radically wrong.

It would be harsh, unsympathetic, cruel, yes criminal, to condemn the poor, weak, overworked housewife who sinks under the heavy load of household cares and burdens, and suffers from weakness, various displacements of pelvic organs and other derangements peculiar to her sex.

Frequent bearing of children, with its exacting demands upon the system, coupled with the care, worry and labor of rearing a large family, is often the cause of weakness, derangement and debility which are aggravated by the neglect of the natural laws, and the hard, never-ending work which the mother is called upon to perform. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the cure of this class of maladies. It is the fact that the poor, overworked housewife can not get the needed rest from her many household cares and labor to enable her to secure from the use of his "Prescription" the full benefit. It is a matter of frequent experience, he says, in his extensive practice in these cases to meet with those in which his remedy is the only one that will restore the system to its normal condition. The remedy is a matter of frequent experience, he says, in his extensive practice in these cases to meet with those in which his remedy is the only one that will restore the system to its normal condition. The remedy is a matter of frequent experience, he says, in his extensive practice in these cases to meet with those in which his remedy is the only one that will restore the system to its normal condition.

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send to Dr. H. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., if sent by mail, or by express, or by stamps for cloth-bound.

If sick consult the Doctor, free of charge by letter. All such communications are held sacredly confidential.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets invigorate and regulate stomach, liver and bowels.

From ex-Mayor McGuire of Syracuse, N. Y., in which he says, among the contents:

"I understand from a reliable source that Chancellor Day has a personal political grievance against President Roosevelt. One of his nephews in the government service has been some kind of trouble, was either disciplined or dropped, and the chancellor, like many another disappointed office-seeker, is sore on the President for not according to his requests for reinstatement of the nephew."

"I may say that I was not favorably impressed with the Dr. spirit of the statement was pregnant with selfishness, narrowness and the display of subversion to the power of money."

Deaths from Appendicitis

decrease in the same ratio that the use of Dr. King's New Life Pills increases. They save you from danger and bring quick and painless release from constipation and the ills growing out of it. Strength and vigor always follow their use. Guaranteed by the Red Cross Pharmacy, 25c. Try them.

NOT SEEKING A NOMINATION.

Bryan Not a Candidate Unless Circumstances Seem to Demand It.

Chicago, May 12.—A despatch to the Tribune from St. Louis says: M. C. Wetmore of this city, a personal friend of W. J. Bryan, yesterday received from Mr. Bryan, who is in Egypt, a letter in which he says: "I am satisfied that the thing that has been lying in wait for me in 1908 is a question that cannot be answered now. I shall not do anything to secure another nomination, and do not want it unless circumstances seem to demand it; time alone can determine that." This is the first authoritative statement of Mr. Bryan's attitude toward the presidency of 1908. The letter is personal, and his comment on the national situation is the more interesting to the public from the fact that it is the frank utterance of a party leader to a confidential friend.

\$50,000 TENT COLONY
TO CURE TUBERCULOSIS

Illinois Homeopathic Physicians Will Follow Approved German Method in Experiment.

Chicago, Ill., May 12.—Announcement of plans of the homeopathic physicians of the state to establish at Ottawa, Ill., a \$50,000 tent colony for tuberculous patients was made Thursday night by President J. N. Downie, the annual banquet of the organization. It is proposed to give each patient special attention and to follow the most improved German methods.

NEW NAVAL STATION.

Japs Establishing Themselves in Southern Korea.

Tokio, May 12.—Despatches from Seoul, say that the Japanese government is establishing a naval station at Chinhae bay in southern Korea, where Admiral Togo awaited the coming of Rodzestvensky's fleet. It was practically a naval base during the war and there is a large establishment there already.

Year's Bibb Issue Is 2,236,705.

New York, May 12.—The five-hundredth annual meeting of the American Bibb society was held Thursday. The report of the board of managers was the chief feature. The society is out of debt and has \$27,427 on hand. The total issues of the year were 2,236,705, a record-breaker.

MELLIN'S
For the Baby
FOOD

Have you ever used Mellin's Food? If not, drop us a line asking about it. We will answer any and all questions and be only too glad to show you how to use Mellin's Food in a way to get the best results. We will send you a sample of Mellin's Food for your baby just as soon as we get your letter and will give you the benefit of our experience.

The ONLY Infants Food receiving the GRAND PRIZE at St. Louis, 1904. Gold Medal, Highest Award. Portland, Ore. 1905.

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

LEGISLATORS
ARE ANGRYMassachusetts Members De-
clare Inquiry an Outrage

HUNDRED AT COURT HOUSE

The District Attorney Has Decided to
Question Only About Twenty-FiveAbout Anti-Bucket Shop
Bill.

Boston, May 12.—One hundred members of the Massachusetts Legislature appeared at the office of District Attorney Moran yesterday in response to summonses issued by the district attorney, who has placed before the grand jury evidence in connection with alleged bribery in the defeat of the anti-bucket shop bill. Only twenty-five senators and representatives were detained for examination before the grand jury, the district attorney having announced that he would abandon his plan of examining the legislators in alphabetical order for the purpose of enabling the members from the distant parts of the state to return to their homes over Sunday.

There was a marked change yesterday in the attitude of the legislators with regard to Mr. Moran's proposed wholesale examination of the members of the general court. On Wednesday and Thursday the whole affair seemed to be generally considered as something of a joke, but yesterday men upon whom subpoenas had been served showed considerable impatience, and in the corridors of the county court house Mr. Moran's action was the subject of strong condemnation, many senators and representatives characterizing his investigation as an outrage and a serious reflection on the state and its legislature.

Before the grand jury went into session yesterday the legislators appeared before Judge Bond and asked for further instructions in regard to the matters now being considered in the grand jury room. It is not desired that suffrage apply to national elections, but that in the selection of local officials the people of the District of Columbia have a voice. Now they have not the slightest say on such matters, and the result is there is a "carpet-bag" government.

The recent appointment by the President of his assistant secretary, Mr. Barnes, to the postmaster's job, despite intense opposition in Washington, has emphasized the helplessness of the District of Columbia as to who shall be its officials, though, of course, if suffrage is granted it will not apply to the selection of the Washington postmaster.

EARTHQUAKE A CURE
FOR CHRONIC INVALID

San Francisco's General Health Also Better, Probably Due to Diet and Living Outdoors.

San Francisco, Cal., May 12.—Health officers report the number of cases of illness has diminished steadily since the fire, due in great part to the fact that the populace has been living in the open air and under the sanitary regulations prescribed by the military.

The earthquake, according to physicians, has effected many remarkable cures of chronic invalids. Paralytics have regained the use of their limbs, and still more singular has been the complete restoration to health of dyspeptics and persons with torpid livers and similar ailments. The sufferers appear to have regained their appetites and health with the shaking up of their digestive apparatus.

OIL INQUIRY RESUMED.

Trust's Counsel Court Examines Maywood Maxon.

Chicago, May 12.—Nearly every railroad running south, north, and west from Chicago was represented yesterday before the interstate commerce commission when the investigation into the relations of the Standard Oil company with the railroads was resumed. Attorney C. C. Malone, representing the Standard Oil company, appeared, opened the proceedings by a cross examination of Maywood Maxon of Illinois, who was the last witness at the opening hearing on Thursday.

IT KILLS CROPS.

Heavy Frost Ruins the Peach Trees and Vegetables.

Pomfret, Ct., May 12.—The heavy frost of Thursday night ruined the peach and early vegetable crops in this section of the state, hundreds of acres of peach trees and a great quantity of vegetables having been bitten as the result of the unusually cold May night.

It was one of the coldest nights in May ever experienced here, and in many places ice formed to the thickness of half an inch. More peaches are raised hereabouts than in any other section of the state.

THREATENS CROMWELL.

Morgan Says He'll Find Some Way to Make Him Answer.

Washington, May 12.—William Nelson Cromwell, before the Senate inter-people canal committee yesterday, refused to answer questions put by Senator Morgan relating to his connection with the old Panama canal company. At the conclusion of a long line of these questions, Mr. Morgan served notice on Mr. Cromwell that some method would be found to compel him to answer.

Eye on Chicago Banks.

Chicago, May 12.—To safeguard Chicago banks against the practice of unsound banking methods, the clearing house committee has appointed James H. McDougal as special examiner. Yesterday afternoon at a special meeting of the association his appointment was ratified. It will be his duty to keep a constant vigilance on local banks, and when he finds one of them making excessive loans, or indulging in any other unsound methods, he will at once report the matter to the clearing house committee.

She's a Snake Charmer.

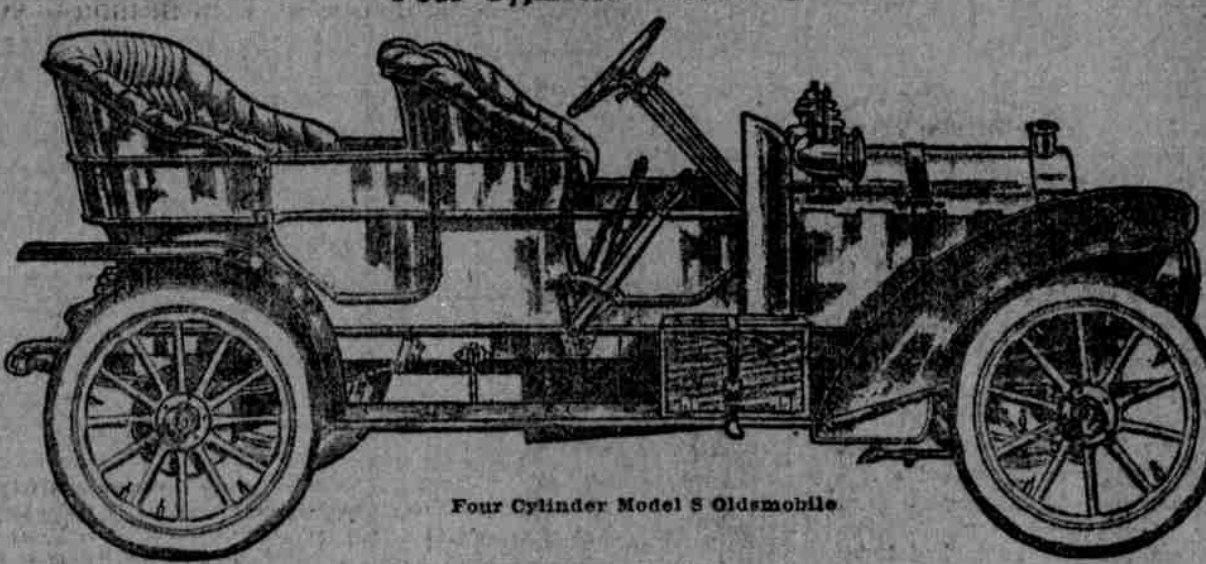
Hicks—Some men are lucky. To-day, for instance, he's married just the right woman to comfort and soothe him.

Wicks—What is she, a snake charmer?

—Boston Transcript.

"I Am Very Glad That I Selected An
OLDSMOBILE"

Four Cylinder. Model "S"



Four Cylinder Model S Oldsmobile

The following is a quotation from a letter received by us from Mr. Wm. H. Bartlett, Jr., Chicago

"I have used my Model 'S' Oldsmobile for nearly a month and am very much delighted with it. During this time it has run splendidly, and with the exception of grinding one valve and adjusting the carburetor once I have had absolutely no trouble with it. The engine is very flexible and will throttle down to about four miles per hour on high gear; at the same time the car has more speed than I shall ever use and power enough to carry five people up the hills at 15 miles per hour; altogether I am very glad that I selected an Oldsmobile Model 'S'."

26-28 H. P. \$2,250.00.

OLDS MOTOR WORKS
LANSING, MICH.

BURT H. WELLS, Agent, Barre, Vt.

HOME RULE WANTED BY D. C.

Washington People Claim for Right to Elect Their Own Officials.

Washington, May 12.—Washington people who have been clamoring for years for the right to go to the polls and cast the ballot the same as other Americans have entered on a campaign of great vigor to secure the right of suffrage. An organization of residents of the District of Columbia has been formed, and every effort will be made to convince congress that it ought to give Washington the ballot.

It is not desired that suffrage apply to national elections, but that in the selection of local officials the people of the District of Columbia have a voice. Now they have not the slightest say on such matters, and the result is there is a "carpet-bag" government.

The recent appointment by the President of his assistant secretary, Mr. Barnes, to the postmaster's job, despite intense opposition in Washington, has emphasized the helplessness of the District of Columbia as to who shall be its officials, though, of course, if suffrage is granted it will not apply to the selection of the Washington postmaster.

MILLEVOYE FIGHTS A DUEL.

Two Shots Exchanged With Count de Noailles at Twenty-five Paces.

Paris, May 12.—Lucien Millevoye, editor of L'Europe, a member of the Chamber of Deputies, fought a duel with Count de Noailles, a result of the exciting street encounter which took place between them May 9, when M. Millevoye broke his cane over the count's head.

EARTHQUAKE IN INDIANA.

Two Shocks, a Vivid Flash, and a Rumbling Noise in Petersburg.

Petersburg, Ind., May 12.—Two distinct earthquake shocks were felt here at 11:50 o'clock yesterday morning. Building shook so violently that people jumped from their beds. The second shock followed the first at an interval of forty seconds.

FOUR DEAD IN WRECK.

Trainmen Killed in Crash on the Norfolk and Western.

Lynchburg, Pa., May 12.—In a wreck on the Norfolk and Western Railroad near this city early yesterday four trainmen were killed. Several persons were injured.

Arrest in Hammond Case.

Worcester, Mass., May 12.—Mrs. Myra Bemis of Barre was arrested at her home yesterday morning by State Detective Peleg F. Murray on a charge of murdering a former employee, John Hammond, whose death occurred under suspicious circumstances on Nov. 27, 1905. Mrs. Bemis was brought to Worcester yesterday afternoon.

A DRUGGIST'S LETTER

I have just received the following letter from a prominent druggist:

SPIM COMPANY, Johnstown, N. Y. Gentlemen:—I wish to enter my baby in the \$500 Beautiful Baby contest, but thought I would wait until I could thoroughly test

SPIM SOAP

After investigation I find that it does all that you claim in taking the place of TALCUM, and I believe it will be a blessing for the mothers and babies, especially those suffering from prickly heat. From my personal recommendation, we are now enjoying a liberal patronage on SPIM goods.

Spim Soap, 25c. Spim Ointment-Cream, 50c. Get your Spim Soap or Ointment-Cream for trial. It is not sold for any money, but for a trial. The Spim goods are guaranteed by Chas. B. Knox, druggist.

KNOX'S CELATINE

It is sold by all first-class grocers. It is a pure, healthy, and delicious food. It is a pure, healthy, and delicious food. It is a pure, healthy, and delicious food.

For Sale by Scales & Loan, Barre, Vt.

PAPER TRUST SURRENDERS.

Victory for the Government in Fight to Dissolve Combination.

St. Paul, Minn., May 12.—The United States government yesterday secured an unconditional surrender of the so-called "paper trust" in the United States circuit court before Judge Sanborn. The attorney general began a suit on December 27, 1904, to dissolve an alleged combination between the General Paper Co. and twenty-three other defendants on the ground that an agreement had been entered into by the defendants in restraint of interstate commerce.

The witnesses then appeared before Attorney Kellogg for the government and Attorney Flinders for the defendants, appeared before Judge Sanborn, sitting as a circuit judge, and Mr. Kellogg moved that the mandate from the United States Supreme court affirming the order that the witness must testify be filed. Judge Sanborn so ordered.

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PLAN TO OUST PATTISON.

An Effort Is to Be Made by Ohio Republicans.

Columbus, O., May 12.—Republican state leaders are planning to oust Governor John N. Pattison (Democrat) from office. Lieutenant Governor Andrew L. Harris (Republican), in event the plans succeed, would become governor.

A mandamus suit will be filed in the name of some citizens alleging that Governor Pattison is physically and mentally disqualified to perform the duties incumbent upon him, and that by virtue of the state constitution the lieutenant governor should assume the office.

Cincinnati, May 12.—When Mrs. Pattison was informed Thursday at Christ hospital, where the governor is, that there is a movement to have him removed from office, she indignantly declared: "It is absolutely untrue that he did not sign the appointments. I saw him do it and Dr. Holt was present. Furthermore, his mind has been as clear as a bell at all times and he has known what he was doing. Why, it's absurd. The doctors will tell you that he is doing splendidly."

Dr. J. C. Oliver, another of the physicians making a similar statement to that of Mrs. Pattison, adding: "Everything the governor has done has been on his own initiative and the result of his own thinking."

Buck Fever.

The saying, "A fool for luck," was never more clearly illustrated than in a little anecdote told by two Evans in his book on California. The author speaks of "buck fever," as being one of the most violent diseases which has ever attacked the human system. It has been the undoing of many an experienced hunter, but in the case cited by Col. Evans it proved to be the making of a fortune.

A farmer in Illinois named Wheeler had never fired a gun. One winter, however, he heard so much talk about the sport of hunting that his ambition became excited and borrowing a gun he started out. When he came back he brought a magnificent buck, shot by himself, square in the middle of the forehead. He said little of the achievement, but got the credit of being a crack shot, a reputation which, although he went hunting no more, he held for some years. Then one day he told his story and lost his name as a sportsman. He had seen a doe drinking out of a creek at the foot of a bluff about twenty feet high. With wild excitement he got his gun to his shoulder, shut his eyes, set his teeth and pulled the trigger. To his astonishment he saw the doe bound away unhurt, while at the same time a glorious buck pitched headlong from the bluff into the creek, atom dead.

The buck had been looking down at the doe, and Wheeler had not seen him at all, but his shaking gun sent its shot on a fatal although unintended errand—Yonkers Comedian.

AMERICA HOLDS ALOOF.

Every Other Power Has Accepted the Morocco Bank Shares.

Madrid, May 12.—All the powers signatories of the Algeiras convention have accepted the shares in the state bank of Morocco which have been allotted to them, except the United States, which refused to participate.

When the questions regarding the establishment of a state bank for Morocco were settled, it was announced from Washington that the national government could not lawfully subscribe for any of the stock, and that if the one share of the United States, valued at \$200,000, was to be held at all in America, it must be taken by some banks by arrangement with the state department.